THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW JERSEY

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Green Infrastructure Planning for Hamilton Township, Atlantic County New Jersey

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www.water.rutgers.edu

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Rutgers Cooperative Extension

Rutgers Cooperative Extension (RCE) helps the diverse population of New Jersey adapt to a rapidly changing society and improves their lives through an educational process that uses science-based knowledge.







Water Resources Program

BESEARCH

WATER RESOURCES PROGRAM

Integrating research, education, and extension

Delivering solutions based on sound science

Working with various members of the community, including municipalities, NGOs, and individual residents

EXTENSION

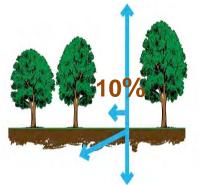
Solving water resources issues in New Jersey

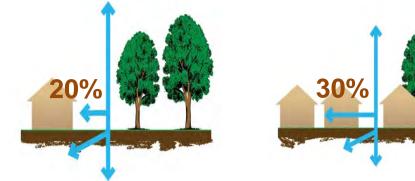
Our mission is to identify and address water resources issues by engaging and empowering communities to employ practical science-based solutions to help create a more equitable and sustainable New Jersey.



Water Resources Program

The Impact of Development on Stormwater Runoff







More development

More impervious surfaces

More stormwater runoff

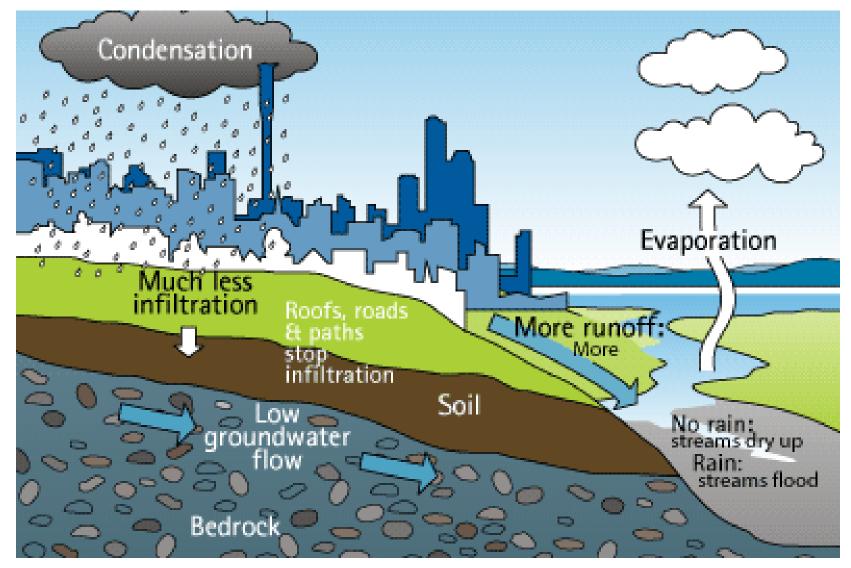


Water Resources Program

The <u>Urban Hydrologic Cycle</u>

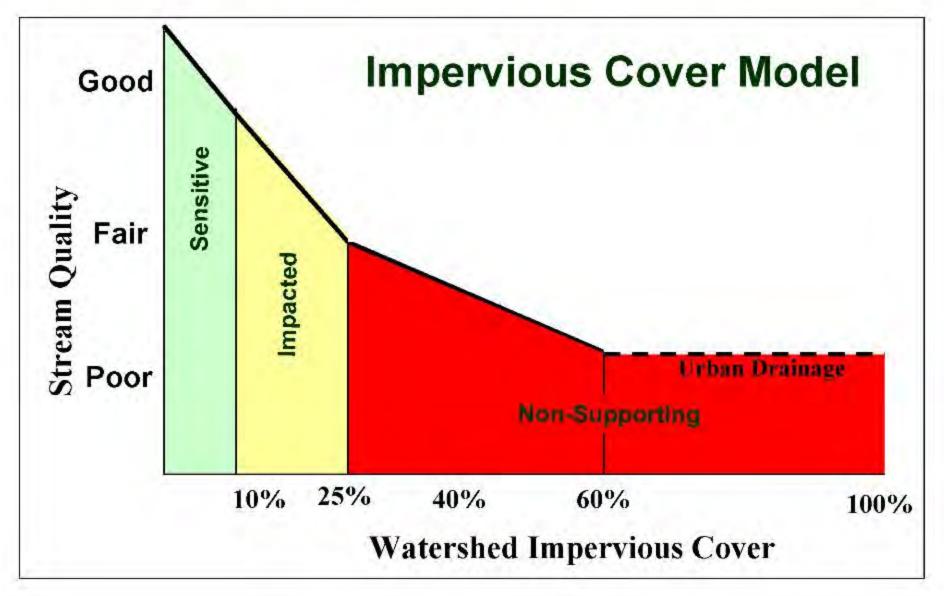
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Original ICM developed based on 200+ reports and papers

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Reference: Tom Schueler and Lisa Fraley-McNeal, Symposium on Urbanization and Stream Ecology, May 23 and 24, 2008

Green Infrastructure

- is an approach to stormwater management that is cost-effective, sustainable, and environmentally friendly.

Green infrastructure projects

- capture
- filter
- absorb
- reuse

stormwater to maintain or mimic natural systems and treat runoff as a resource.









Green Infrastructure includes:

- green roofs
- rainwater harvesting
- tree filter/planter boxes
- rain gardens/bioretention systems
- permeable pavements
- vegetated swales or bioswales
- natural retention basins
- trees & urban forestry
- green streets



Parker Urban Greenscapes



It is all about controlling runoff from impervious surfaces



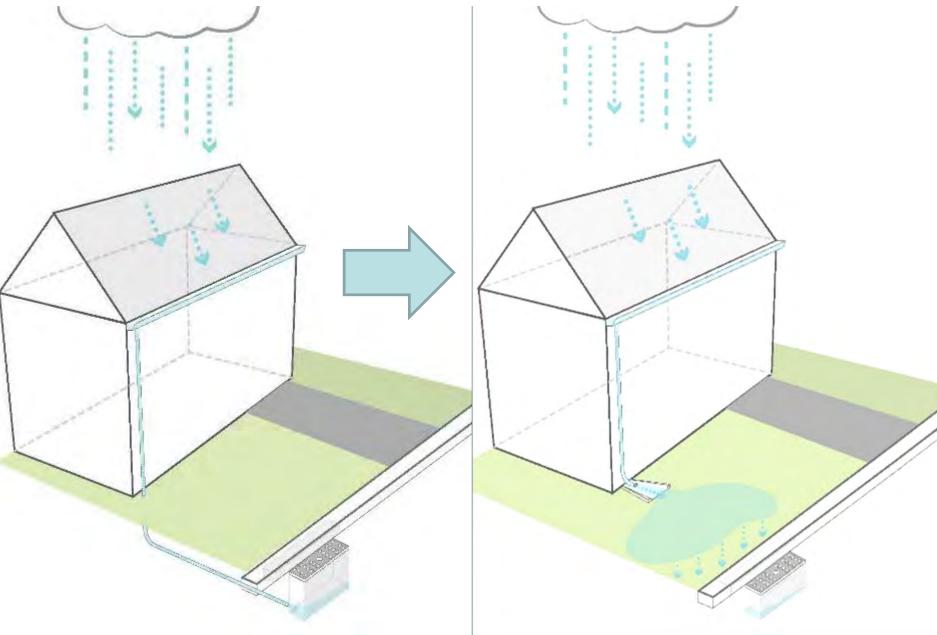




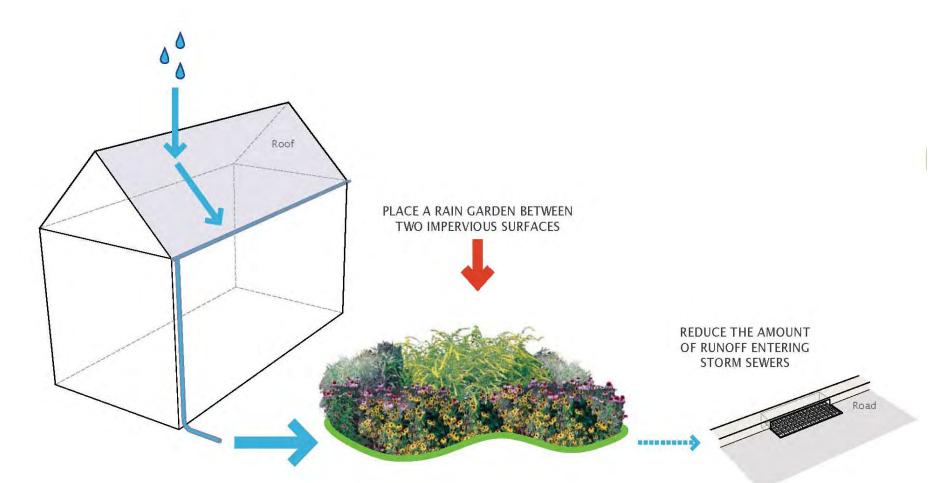
Step 1: Depave



Step 2: Simple Disconnection



Disconnect to a Rain Garden



Rooftop runoff is now <u>"disconnected"</u> from flowing directly into the storm sewer system























Step 3: Convert to Permeable Pavement

POROUS ASPHALT It is common to design porous asphalt in the parking stalls of a parking lot. This saves money and reduces wear. DRAINAGE AREA

The drainage area of the porous asphalt system is the conventional asphalt cartway and the porous asphalt in the parking spaces. Runoff from the conventional asphalt flows into the porous asphalt parking spaces.

SUBGRADE

Porous pavements are unique because of their subgrade structure. This structure includes a layer of choker course, filter course, and soil.

UNDERDRAIN

Systems with low infiltration rates due to soil composition are often designed with an underdrain system to discharge the water.

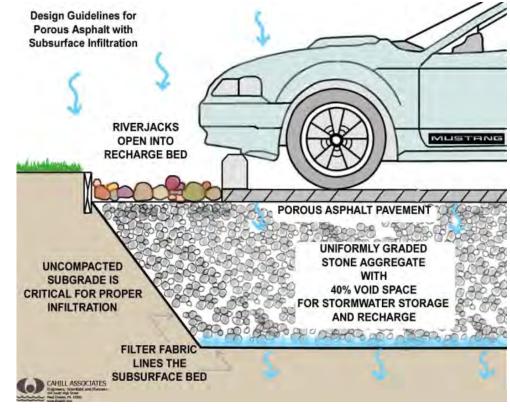
ASPHALT

This system is often designed with conventional asphalt in areas of high traffic to prevent any damage to the system.

<u>ADVANTAGES</u>

COMPONENTS

- Manage stormwater runoff
- Minimize site disturbance
- Promote groundwater recharge
- Low life cycle costs, alternative to costly traditional stormwater management methods
- Mitigation of urban heat island effect
- Contaminant removal as water moves through layers of system



Porous Asphalt

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Grass Pavers



Impervious Cover Assessment Figures/Charts



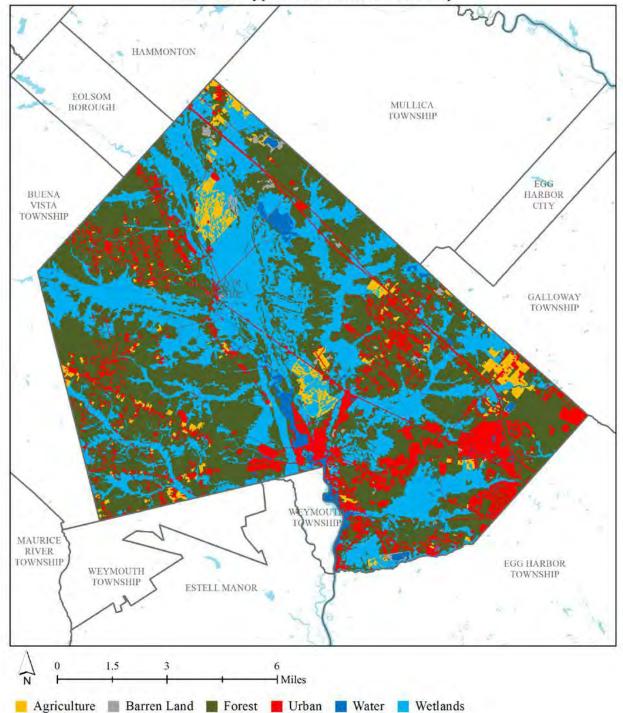


Impervious Cover Assessment

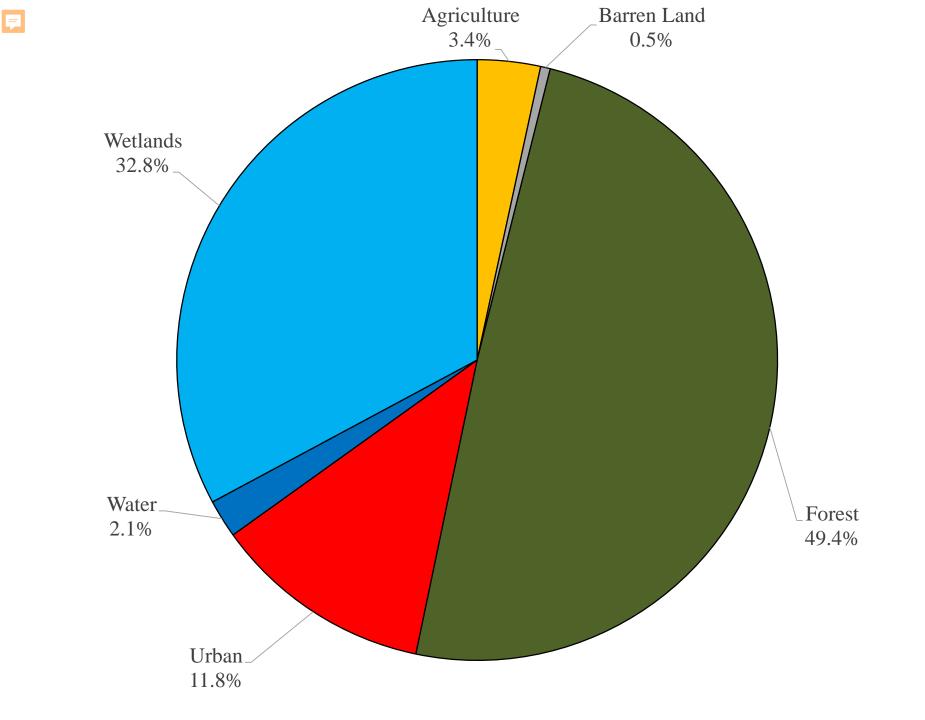
- Analysis completed by watershed and by municipality
- Use 2015 Land Use data to determine impervious cover
- Calculate runoff volumes for water quality, 2, 10 and 100-year design storm and annual rainfall
- Contains three concept designs

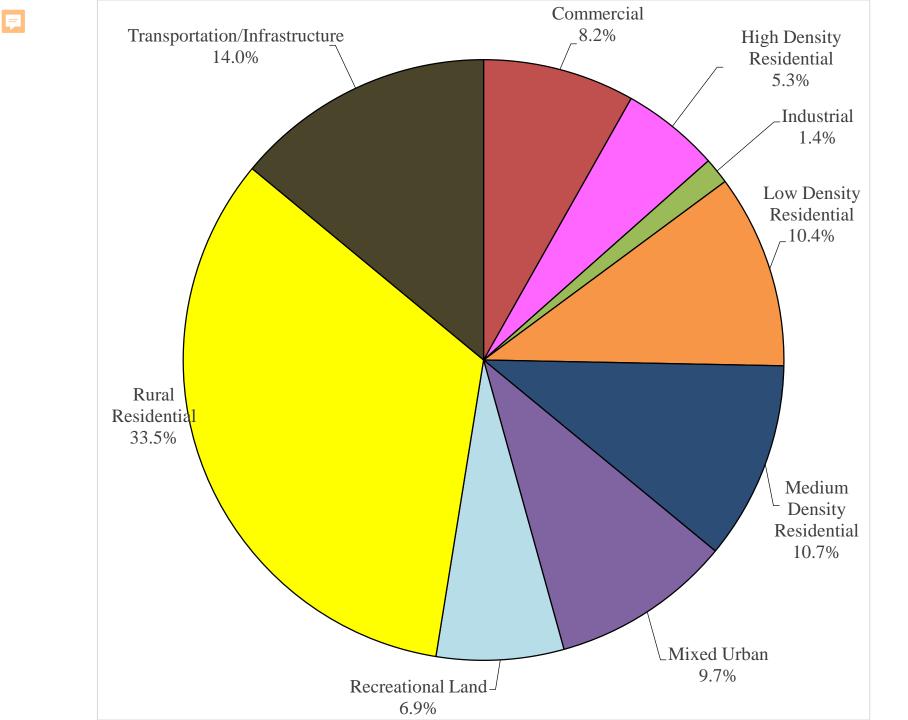


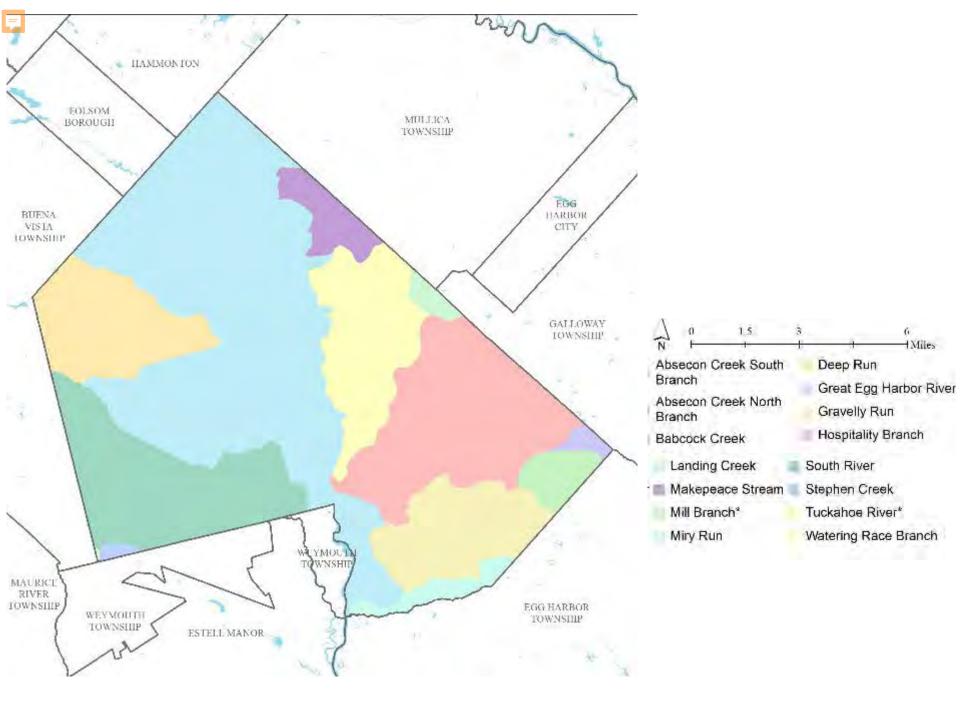




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	Total Area	Land Use Area	Impervious Cover		
Subwatershed	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(%)	
Absecon Creek South Branch	409.2	409.2	16.3	4.0%	
Absecon Creek North Branch	1,420.9	1,413.2	119.4	8.4%	
Babcock Creek	11,045.7	10,941.5	847.6	7.7%	
Deep Run	6,060.2	6,042.6	106.1	1.8%	
Great Egg Harbor River	28,036.8	26,902.6	1032.3	3.8%	
Gravelly Run	5,523.5	5,459.3	737.9	13.5%	
Hospitality Branch	0.6	0.6	0.0	1.4%	
Landing Creek	541.5	501.5	10.8	2.1%	
Makepeace Stream	1,863.6	1,860.3	37.6	2.0%	
Mill Branch	14.1	14.1	6.9	49.0%	
Miry Run	1,204.6	1,135.8	59.9	5.3%	
South River	9,292.8	9,263.8	398.2	4.3%	
Stephen Creek	207.6	207.6	6.0	2.9%	
Tuckahoe River	17.2	17.2	0.0	0.3%	
Watering Race Branch	6,632.7	6,612.7	298.8	4.5%	
Total	72,271.1	70,782.0	3,677.8	5.2%	

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Subwatershed	Total Runoff Volume for the 1.25" NJ Water Quality Storm (MGal)	Total Runoff Volume for the NJ Annual Rainfall of 44" (MGal)	Total Runoff Volume for the 2-Year Design Storm (3.31") (MGal)	Total Runoff Volume for the 10-Year Design Storm (5.16") (MGal)	Total Runoff Volume for the 100-Year Design Storm (8.90") (MGal)
Absecon Creek South Branch	0.6	19.4	1.5	2.3	3.9
Absecon Creek North Branch	4.1	142.7	10.7	16.9	28.9
Babcock Creek	28.8	1,012.7	76.0	119.7	204.8
Deep Run	3.6	126.8	9.5	15.0	25.6
Great Egg Harbor River	35.0	1,233.3	92.5	145.8	249.5
Gravelly Run	25.0	881.5	66.1	104.2	178.3
Hospitality Branch	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Landing Creek	0.4	12.8	1.0	1.5	2.6
Makepeace Stream	1.3	44.9	3.4	5.3	9.1
Mill Branch	0.2	8.2	0.6	1.0	1.7
Miry Run	2.0	71.6	5.4	8.5	14.5
South River	13.5	475.7	35.7	56.2	96.2
Stephen Creek	0.2	7.2	0.5	0.8	1.4
Tuckahoe River	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Watering Race Branch	10.1	357.0	26.8	42.2	72.2
Total	124.8	4,393.9	329.5	519.3	888.8

WE LOOK HERE FIRST:

✓ Schools

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- ✓ Places of Worship
- ✓Libraries
- ✓Municipal Building
- ✓Public Works
- ✓ Firehouses
- ✓Post Offices
- ✓ Elks or Moose Lodge
- ✓ Parks/ Recreational Fields

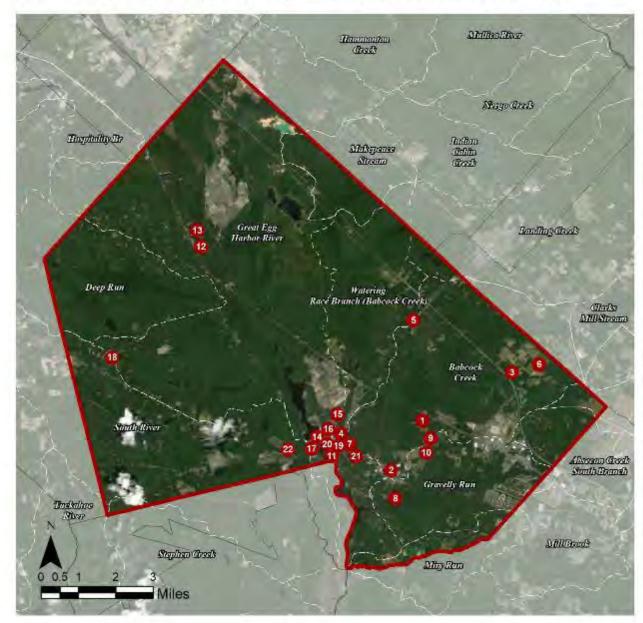
- 20 to 40 sites are entered into a PowerPoint
- Site visits are conducted





Green Infrastructure Strategic Plan





HAMILTON TOWNSHIP (ATLANTIC): GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE SITES

BABCOCK CREEK SITES

- 1. Atlantic Cape Community College
- 2. Atlantic County Institute of Technology & Special Services School District
- 3. Cologne Volunteer Fire Company: Station 18-5
- 4. Joseph Shaner Elementary School
- 5. Laureldale Volunteer Fire and Rescue Company
- 6. Liepzig Avenue Park
- 7. Underhill Park

GRAVELLY RUN SITES

- 8. George L. Hess Educational Complex
- 9. Oakcrest High School
- 10. William Davies Middle School

GREAT EGG HARBOR RIVER SITES

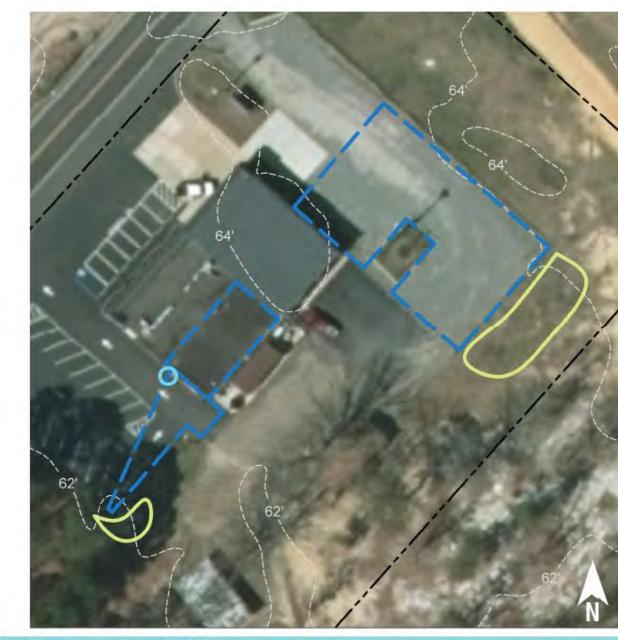
- 11. Atlantic County Library Mays Landing Branch
- 12. Cherry Lane Right of Way
- 13. Driftwood Lane Right of Way
- 14. First Methodist Church of Mays Landing
- 15. Hamilton Township Municipal Building
- 16. Hamilton Township Municipal Utilities Authority
- 17. Mays Landing Fire Department: Station 18-1
- 18. Rose Quaterman Park
- 19. St. Vincent de Paul Regional School
- 20. The Presbyterian Church of Mays Landing
- 21. Township of Hamilton Public Works

SOUTH RIVER SITES

22. Atlantic County Office Building

Site	Name	Address	
1	Atlantic Cape Community College	5100 East Black Horse Pike, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
2	Atlantic County Institute of Technology & Special Services School District	4805 Nawakwa Boulevard, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
3	Cologne Volunteer Fire Company: Station 18-5*	2870 South Cologne Avenue, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
4	Joseph Shaner Elementary School	5801 3rd Street, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
5	Laureldale Volunteer Fire and Rescue Company	2657 NJ-50, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
6	Liepzig Avenue Park	3155 South Leipzig Avenue, Mays Landing NJ, 08330	
7	Underhill Park	129 Old Egg Harbor Avenue, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
8	George L. Hess Educational Complex	700 Babcock Road, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
9	Oakcrest High School	1824 Dr. Dennis Forman Drive, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
10	William Davies Middle School*	1876 Dr. Dennis Forman Drive, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
11	Atlantic County Library Mays Landing Branch	40 Farragut Avenue, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
12	Cherry Lane Right of Way	2032 Cherry Lane, Mays Landing, NJ08330	
13	Driftwood Lane Right of Way	7344 Driftwood Lane, Mays Landing, NJ08330	
14	First Methodist Church of Mays Landing	6011 Main Street, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
15	Hamilton Township Municipal Building*	6101 13th Street, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
16	Hamilton Township Municipal Utilities Authority	6024 Ken Scull Avenue, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
17	Mays Landing Fire Department: Station 18-1	6081 Reliance Avenue, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
18	Rose Quaterman Park	6925 Railroad Boulevard, Mays Landing, NJ08330	
19	St. Vincent de Paul Regional School	5809 Main Street, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
20	The Presbyterian Church of Mays Landing	6001 Main Street, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	
21	Township of Hamilton Public Works	5500 Atlantic Avenue, Mays Landing, NJ, 08330	
22	Atlantic County Office Building	6260 Old Harding Highway, Mays Landing, NJ 08330	

Examples of Identified Project Sites





	bioretention system
	rainwater harvesting
63	drainage area
[]	property line
	2015 Aerial: NJOIT, OGIS



COLOGNE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY: STATION 18-5

2870 South Cologne Avenue Mays Landing, NJ 08330



Rain gardens can be installed to intercept stormwater coming from the parking areas at the east and south corners of the site. A cistern can be installed to capture stormwater that can be reused for washing firetrucks or for watering existing landscaping. A preliminary soil assessment suggests that the soils have suitable drainage characteristics for green infrastructure.

Impervious C	Cover		oads from In Cover (Ibs/yr)	•	Runoff Volume from Impervious Cover (M			er (Mgal)
%	sq. ft.	TP	TN	TSS	For the 1.25" Water Quality Storm 0.038		For an Annual Rainfall of 44" 1.33	
42	48,450	2.3	24.5	222.5				
Recommended Infrastructure Practices	Recharge Potential (Mgal/yr)	TSS Removal Potential (lbs/yr)	Reduction	n Volume n Potential storm)	Peak Discharge Reduction Potential (cu. ft./second)	Estimated Size (sq. ft.)		Estimated Cost
Bioretention systems	0.244	41	17,880		0.67	2,425		\$12,125
Rainwater harvesting	0.045	8	1,500		0.06 1,500		gal)	\$3,000

COLOGNE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY: STATION 18-5

CURRENT CONDITION



COLOGNE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY: Station 18-5

2870 South Cologne Avenue Mays Landing, NJ 08330

CONCEPT DESIGN



COLOGNE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY: Station 18-5

2870 South Cologne Avenue Mays Landing, NJ 08330





	bioretention system
[]	drainage area
[]	property line
	2015 Aerial: NJOIT, OGIS

100'

1876 Dr. Dennis Forman Drive Mays Landing, NJ 08330

WILLIAM DAVIES MIDDLE SCHOOL



A bioretention system can be installed in the green space to the west of the property. Another system can be installed next to the garden area and the parking lot at the northwestern edge of the school property. Another system can be installed at the east corner of the school property near the transformer. Another system can be installed along the southeast edge of the school property by the main entrances. All of these systems can be installed to capture, treat, and infiltrate, the stormwater runoff from the nearby road and the downspouts to prevent flooding. A preliminary soil assessment suggests that the soils have suitable drainage characteristics for green infrastructure.

Impervious	Cover		oads from In Cover (Ibs/yr		Runoff Volume from Impervious Cover (Mg			er (Mgal)
%	sq. ft.	TP	TN	TSS	For the 1.25" Water Quality Storm 0.353		For an Annual Rainfall of 44" 12.42	
31	452,709	21.8	228.6	2,078.6				
Recommended Infrastructure	Recharge Potential	TSS Removal Potential		m Volume n Potential	Peak Discharge Reduction Potential	Estima		Estimated

Infrastructure Practices	Potential (Mgal/yr)	Potential (lbs/yr)	Reduction Potential (gal/storm)	Reduction Potential (cu. ft./second)	Size (sq. ft.)	Cost
Bioretention systems	0.601	101	44,060	1.66	5,765	\$28,825

WILLIAM DAVIES MIDDLE SCHOOL



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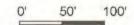


CONCEPT DESIGN





	bioretention system
	pervious pavement
[]	drainage area
[]	property line
	2015 Aerial: NJOIT, OGIS



HAMILTON TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL BUILDING

6101 13th Street Mays Landing, NJ 08330



Parking spaces on the west side of the site can be converted to pervious pavement to capture stormwater from the parking lot. Two rain gardens can be installed along the south end of the building by redirecting downspouts into them to capture stormwater from the rooftop. A preliminary soil assessment suggests that the soils have suitable drainage characteristics for green infrastructure.

Impervious C	over		oads from In over (lbs/yr)	A CONTRACT OF	Runoff Volume from Impervious Cover (M			
%	sq. ft.	TP	TN	TSS	For the 1.25" Water Quality Storm 0.121		For an Annual Rainfall of 44" 4.26	
29	155,444	7.5	78.5	713.7				
Recommended Infrastructure Practices	Recharge Potential (Mgal/yr)	TSS Removal Potential (lbs/yr)	Reduction	n Volume n Potential storm)	Peak Discharge Reduction Potential (cu. ft./second)	Estimated Size (sq. ft) Estimated Cost	
Bioretention systems	0.072	12	5,300 0.20		700	\$3,500		
Pervious pavement	0.859	144	63,	040	2.37		\$182,250	

KAMILTON TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL BUILDING

CURRENT CONDITION



HAMILTON TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL BUILDING

6101 13th Street Mays Landing, NJ 08330

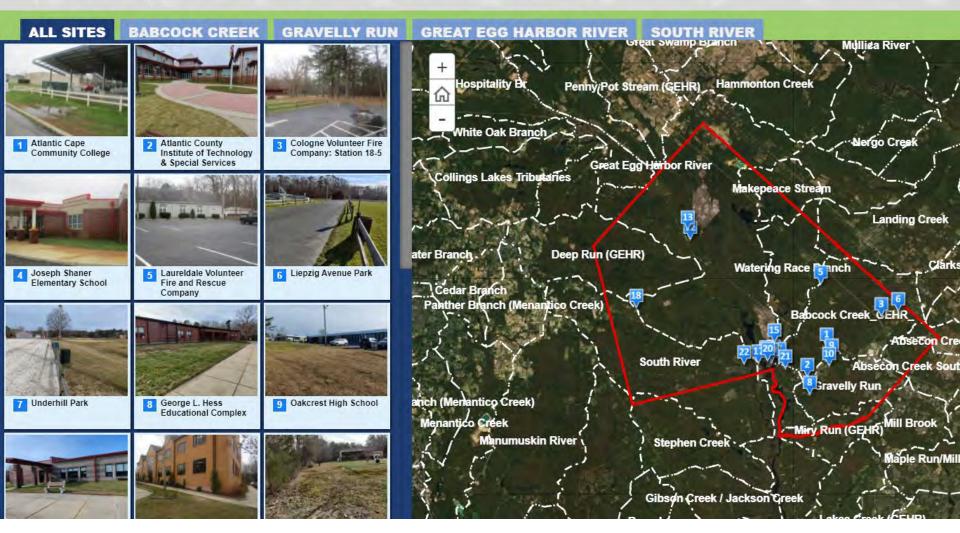
CONCEPT DESIGN



HAMILTON TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL BUILDING

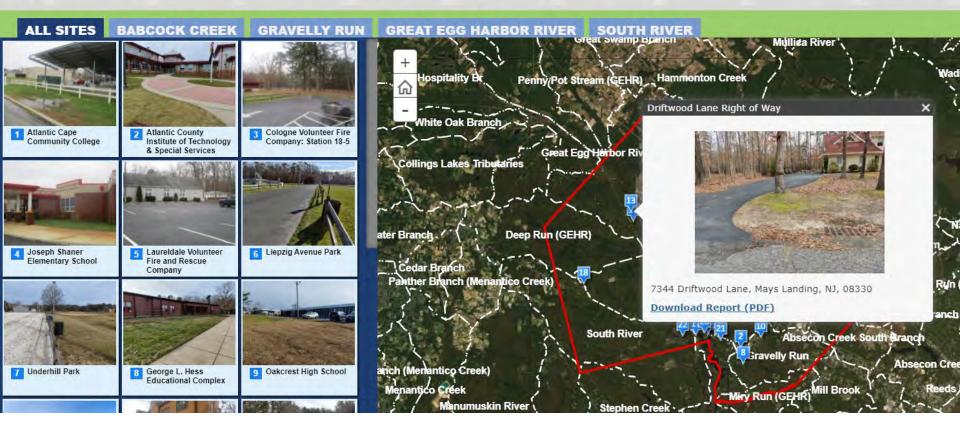
6101 13th Street Mays Landing, NJ 08330

Hamilton Township



http://water.rutgers.edu/Projects/HamiltonTwp-AtlanticCo/HamiltonTwp_AtlanticCounty/index.html

Hamilton Township



Final Thoughts

TGERS

- Plans promote action and earn Sustainable Jersey Points
- Plans are a conduit for funding
- Impervious cover reduction action plan/green infrastructure action plan provides sites for developers to offset impacts
- Wide range in cost of projects (Eagle Scout projects to economic stimulus money projects)
- Foundation for stormwater utilities, watershed restoration plans, stormwater mitigation plans, and/or integrated water quality plans



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Next Steps and Questions

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